Unit 1: Imperialism and the Industrial Revolution

Essential Questions:

* What was revolutionary about the Industrial Revolution?
* What did humankind gain from the Industrial Revolution, and what did it lose?
* What social, economic, and political forces drove the new European imperialism starting in the 1880s?
* In what ways did colonial rule rest upon violence and force, and in what ways did it elicit voluntary cooperation or generate benefits for some people?
* How did European colonial rule transform African and Asian societies?

Textbook: 9-1, 9-2, 11-1, 11-2, 12-2

Resources: notes, class handouts, homework assignments, textbook

Know these terms and their significance (importance):

Enclosures

Industrialization

Factors of Production

Factories

Steam Engine (and other major inventions)

Urbanization

Imperialism

Racism

Social Darwinism

Maxim Gun

Missionaries

Berlin Conference/Scramble for Africa

Indirect Control

Direct Control

Paternalism

Assimilation

Nationalism

Colony

Protectorate

Sphere of influence

Economic Imperialism

Menelik II

Russo-Japanese War

Annexation

Be able to explain (outline):

-British origins of the Industrial Revolution

-Positive and negative effects of the Industrial Revolution

-Causes of imperialism

-How the Industrial Revolution led to imperialism

-How European countries were able to control Africa

-Forms of control over colonies

-Positive and negative consequences of imperialism on colonies